

 OWASP GLOBAL **AppSec**

VIE'26
NNA JUN
25-26

25

years
of open source security

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Authorization is Where Your App Goes to Lie

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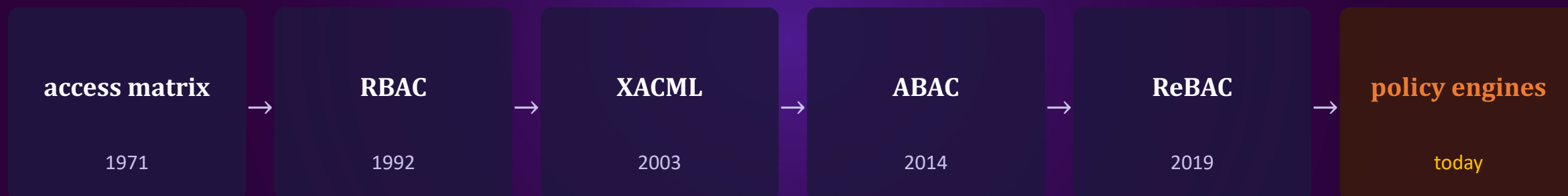
BACKGROUND

Quick recap of the OWASP Top 10

2021	2025	
A01 Broken Access Control	A01 Broken Access Control	=
A02 Cryptographic Failures	A02 Security Misconfiguration	▲ 3
A03 Injection	A03 Software Supply Chain Failures	▲ 3
A04 Insecure Design	A04 Cryptographic Failures	▼ 2
A05 Security Misconfiguration	A05 Injection	▼ 2
A06 Vulnerable & Outdated Components	A06 Insecure Design	▼ 2
A07 Identification & Auth Failures	A07 Authentication Failures	=
A08 Software & Data Integrity	A08 Software or Data Integrity	=
A09 Logging & Monitoring Failures	A09 Logging & Alerting Failures	=
A10 SSRF	A10 Mishandling of Exceptions	NEW

BACKGROUND

We've had ways to formalize AuthZ for decades



+ ALFA · 2014

BACKGROUND

This check would pass a code review

```
public async Task<TransactionReceipt> ExecuteTransactionAsync(  
    ...  
    bool allowed =  
        source.OwnerId == caller.Id  
        || source.JointHolders.Contains(caller.Id)  
        || caller.HasPowerOfAttorneyFor(source.OwnerId)  
        || caller.Role == Role.BankManager;
```

BACKGROUND

Reviewers and triagers have nothing to check against

Review

correct against what?

(going in)

Triage

allowed by what?

(coming out)

BACKGROUND

We solve harder problems than this

memory safety

crypto discipline

post-quantum

05

RESOLUTION

Specified where?

V4 Access Control

Control Objective

Authorization is the concept of allowing access to resources only to those permitted to use them. Ensure that a verified application satisfies the following high level requirements:

- Persons accessing resources hold valid credentials to do so.
- Users are associated with a well-defined set of roles and privileges.
- Role and permission metadata is protected from replay or tampering.

RESOLUTION

ASVS 5.0 added Documented Security Decisions

ASVS 5.0 · Documented Security Decisions

Documentation requirements were included which mandate that the application developer's approach and configuration to these sorts of controls must be documented.

ASVS 5.0 · V8.1

Document authorization rules, including decision-making factors and environmental contexts. Consumers should have access only to resources permitted by their defined entitlements.

RESOLUTION

Leading engines all using more or less the same vocab

who acts

XACML / ALFA · Subject
Cedar · principal
OPA / Rego · *your keys*

doing what

XACML / ALFA · Action
Cedar · action
OPA / Rego · *your keys*

to what

XACML / ALFA · Resource
Cedar · resource
OPA / Rego · *your keys*

under what conditions

XACML / ALFA · Environment
Cedar · context
OPA / Rego · *your keys*

METHOD

Your product owner's answer compiles into policy

a product owner answers

“A bank manager acts only within their own branch.”



compiles to

```
base_grant if {  
  input.subject.role == "BankManager"  
  input.subject.branch ==  
    input.resource.branch  
}
```

THREAT MODEL

Risk register for transaction.execute

Authorization is Where Your App Goes to Lie

STRIDE / LINDDUN

T01	Caller acts on an account they don't own	<i>EoP</i>	→ policy
T01a	Branch manager acts outside their own branch	<i>EoP</i>	→ policy
T02	Teller sets a branch outside their own	<i>EoP</i>	→ policy
T03	Caller redirects the confirmation email	<i>Tampering</i>	→ policy
T04	Auditor holds execute from a stale grant	<i>EoP</i>	→ policy
T05	Execute against a transaction in review	<i>Tampering</i>	→ policy
T06	High-value transfer at base assurance	<i>Spoofing/EoP</i>	→ partial
T07	Stolen or fixated session reused	<i>Spoofing</i>	
T08	Principal denies having executed	<i>Repudiation</i>	
T09	Error reveals an account exists	<i>Info Disc.</i>	
T10	Transaction flooding degrades service	<i>DoS</i>	
T11	Requests tampered in transit	<i>Tampering</i>	
P01	Email routes financial data to an attacker	<i>Disclosure</i>	→ policy
P02	Patterns link a customer across branches	<i>Linkability</i>	
P03	Execution breaches residency / sanctions	<i>Non-compliance</i>	→ policy

RESOLUTION

GlobalShop adopts ASVSv5's AuthZ Requirements!

8.1.1 function & data-level rules



Owner, joint holders, POA delegate, branch manager *T01*

8.1.2 field-level read/write, object state



No execute while the transaction is in review *T05*

8.1.3 contextual attributes



Manager's branch must match the account's branch *T01a · T02*

8.1.4 thresholds, actions



High-value transfers step up; auditor is deny-always *T06 · T04*

ASVSv5.0.0 · V8.1.1-8.1.4

Demo

How GlobalShop does it

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TAKEAWAYS

Open-source engines that run your AuthZ policy as code *

OPA

Rego

```
allow if {  
  input.subject.role  
    == "BankManager"  
  input.subject.branch  
    == input.resource.branch  
}
```

Cedar

Cedar policy

```
permit(  
  principal, action, resource  
)  
when {  
  principal.role  
    == "BankManager"  
  && principal.branch  
    == resource.branch  
};
```

OpenFGA

model + tuples

```
type branch  
  relations  
    define manager: [user]  
type account  
  relations  
    define branch: [branch]  
  define can_act:  
    manager from branch
```

TAKEAWAYS

“A network hop per request?!”

embedded

≈ μs

sidecar

≈ sub-ms

centralized service

≈ ms

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THANK YOU!